BEFORE THE MISSOURI ETHICS COMMISSION

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MISSOURI ETHICS COMMISSION,)	Missouri Ethics Commission
Petitioner,)	
v.)	Case No. 18-0064-I &
GREITENS FOR MISSOURI,)	18-0065-I
Respondent.)	

JOINT STIPULATION OF FACTS, WAIVER OF HEARING BEFORE THE MISSOURI ETHICS COMMISSION, AND CONSENT ORDER WITH JOINT PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The undersigned parties jointly stipulate to the facts and consent to the action set forth below.

The undersigned Respondent acknowledges that it has received and reviewed a copy of the Complaint filed by the Petitioner in this case and submits to the jurisdiction of the Missouri Ethics Commission.

The undersigned Respondent further acknowledges that it is aware of the various rights and privileges afforded by law, including but not limited to: the right to appear and be represented by counsel; the right to have all allegations against Respondent be proven upon the record by competent and substantial evidence; the right to cross-examine any witnesses appearing at the hearing against Respondent; the right to present evidence on Respondent's behalf at the hearing; and the right to a decision upon the record of the hearing. Being aware of these rights provided to Respondent by operation of law, the undersigned Respondent knowingly and voluntarily waives each and every one of these rights and freely enters into this Joint Stipulation of Facts, Waiver of

Hearing before the Missouri Ethics Commission, and Consent Order with Joint Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and agrees to abide by the terms of this document.

The undersigned parties jointly agree that nothing in this document is intended to nor shall it be interpreted to limit the civil or criminal remedies that may be available to Governor Greitens, his heirs, successors, assignees; Greitens for Missouri; Greitens for Missouri staff; and other affected parties.

The undersigned parties jointly agree that § 130.058, RSMo, requires that Mr. Greitens accept responsibility for all reporting violations by Greitens for Missouri, even where the MEC investigation found no evidence that Mr. Greitens knew of the violations.

After a review of the complaint, 235 pages of supporting documentation; the issuance of 23 subpoenas, which resulted in the production of roughly 8,000 multi-page documents, emails, and videos; approximately 20 interviews conducted by Commission investigators, and a review of publicly available documents provided on the Internet by the Federal Election Commission, the Internal Revenue Service, and the Federal Communications Commission, the MEC found no evidence of any wrongdoing on the part of Eric Greitens, individually, and no evidence that Governor Greitens knew of the two reporting violations below.

The undersigned Respondent cooperated with the MEC's investigation, producing thousands of pages of documents and every employee, former employee, or consultant the Commission sought to interview. The undersigned Respondent maintains that it has reported spending over half-a-million dollars in legal fees since the complaint was filed with the MEC on July 10, 2018.

Based upon the foregoing, the Petitioner and the undersigned Respondent jointly stipulate to the following and request that the Missouri Ethics Commission adopt as its own the Joint Proposed Findings of Fact and the Joint Proposed Conclusions of Law, as follows:

JOINT PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The Missouri Ethics Commission ("the Commission" or "the MEC") is an agency of the State of Missouri established pursuant to Section 105.955, RSMo, in part for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of Chapter 130, RSMo.
- 2. Eric Greitens first established a candidate committee with the MEC on or about February 24, 2015.
- 3. Greitens was the successful candidate in the 2016 Republican primary for the office of Governor and was successful in the general election.
- 4. Greitens for Missouri ("GFM") is and was at all relevant times the candidate committee formed by Eric Greitens to support his candidacy.
 - 5. GFM's campaign manager was formally retained in the fall of 2015.
- 6. A political consultant was retained by the GFM committee during its formation and then later during the general election campaign. Throughout the campaign, Greitens for Missouri relied on the advice of counsel.
- 7. Pursuant to Section 105.961, RSMo, the Commission's staff investigated a complaint that was filed with the Commission on July 10, 2018. Because of the time needed to review materials and conduct interviews, the Commission requested and received additional time in which to conduct the investigation from the Cole County Circuit Court, as is authorized by § 105.966.2, RSMo, to investigate the complaint.

- 8. The complaint that was filed with the Commission included 235 pages of supporting documentation, which was later supplemented by another 8,500 documents. The complaint included allegations which occurred more than two years before the filing of the complaint, and other allegations that the Commission failed to find reasonable grounds of a violation of law. For the sake of thoroughness and accuracy, the investigation necessarily entailed facts occurring more than two years prior to the initial filing of the complaint with the Commission, facts which relate to the violations agreed upon in this joint stipulation of fact and law.
- 9. Based-on the report of the Commission's staff, the Commission determined that there were reasonable grounds to believe that two reporting violations did occur, and it therefore authorized a hearing in this matter pursuant to § 105.961.3, RSMo. The Commission did not find reasonable grounds to support the remaining allegations contained in the complaint filed with the Commission.

COUNT I

Failure to Report In-Kind Contributions from LG PAC

- 10. In the spring of 2015, the GFM committee began working with C5 Creative Consulting, Inc. ("C5") and two of its consultants.
- 11. In October of 2015, one of the consultants left C5 to become Greitens' campaign manager.
- 12. On or about October 12, 2015, the campaign manager sent an email to Greitens summarizing a list of campaign objectives that the campaign manager and the political consultant had created together. The email included the following information under the topic of "Policy/Research":

We will have proposals this week for research on [primary election opponents] Brunner and Hanaway. This is a potential outside expense. The goal this week is to determine what research we want to gain for each, and to finalize the vendor/timeline. We have the choice of doing just electronic research, or electronic and field. Depending on pricing, we will probably do electronic on Hanaway, and both on Brunner. It's our belief that we don't need to pay for a Kinder book because there is enough public information available on him. We can have a research intern compile information on his votes, lobbyist gifts, trips, and more. Once we have that research, we can begin the planning to use it next year.

- 13. In the latter half of 2015, GFM's Finance Director and a GFM national fundraising consultant assembled a list of potential contributors who either could not give, or elected not to give, directly to the GFM committee.
- 14. In 2015 and 2016, the political consultant directed the GFM Finance Director and a GFM national fundraising consultant to refer these potential contributors to Tom Norris, who was working on behalf of Freedom Frontier, a non-profit entity based in Texas.
- 15. The political consultant provided the Finance Director, the national fundraising consultant, and the campaign manager with a Freedom Frontier donor sheet attached to an email that read:

This is what we'll send to donors who have an interest in an outside group (see attached). Please send me the list of people we plan on calling so I can prep Tom [Norris] for their follow up calls. The four of us should do a call with David Langdon and Tom [Norris] to discuss what talking points they are comfortable with us using as we direct people their way.

16. David Langdon is an Ohio based attorney. He was at all relevant times an officer of American Policy Coalition, which identified itself in IRS documents as being associated with

Freedom Frontier as a "related tax-exempt organization."

- 17. Between June 1, 2016 and July 29, 2016, Freedom Frontier contributed \$4,370,000.00 to LG PAC, a federal political action committee that registered with the Federal Election Commission ("FEC") on or about May 16, 2016.
 - 18. Freedom Frontier was the only contributor to LG PAC in 2016.
- 19. Between June 1, 2016, and July 7, 2016, LG PAC reported expenditures for "media buy for state race" totaling \$2,515,644.50. ¹
- 20. Between July 13, 2016 and July 29, 2016, LG PAC reported expenditures for "media buy for state race" totaling \$1,804,683.00.
- 21. The contributions from Freedom Frontier to LG PAC appear to correlate to LG PAC's media buys.

Contributions from Fr	eedom Frontier	LG PAC Medi	a Buys
6/1/2016	\$1,500,000.00	6/2/2016	\$964,964.00
		6/15/2016	\$375,552.50
6/22/2016	\$300,000.00	6/23/2016	\$414,681.50
6/29/2016	\$500,000.00	6/30/2016	\$459,336.50
7/7/2016	\$250,000.00	7/7/2016	\$301,110.00
7/13/2016	\$1,005,000.00	7/14/2016	\$1,003,623.00
7/20/2016	\$210,000.00	7/20/2016	\$200,550.00
7/28/2016	\$155,000.00	7/28/2016	\$150,110.00
7/29/2016	\$450,000.00	7/29/2016	\$450,400.00
Total	\$4,370,000.00	Total	\$4,320,327.50

- 22. LG PAC made these payments to a media buyer who purchased television and radio air time on LG PAC's behalf.
- 23. Four of the video advertisements that were placed by the media buyer on behalf of LG PAC were identified as: "Carry," "Stadium," "Don't Think So," and "Trust."

¹ The Commission has no jurisdiction over violations that occurred more than two years prior to the filing of the complaint on July 10, 2018. § 105.957.3, RSMo.

- 24. "Carry" opens with a picture of Catherine Hanaway, who was a candidate for Governor in the 2016 primary election, with the following script: {male voiceover} "As a legislator, Catherine Hanaway strongly opposed concealed carry laws. Her position would have stopped you from carrying a firearm. Hanaway for Governor? Nah, don't think so." The final scene shows a mark out of a graphic that read "Catherine Hanaway for Governor."
- 25. "Stadium" also shows Catherine Hanaway's image and includes the following script: {female voiceover} "Catherine Hanaway led the fight to get taxpayers to pay hundreds of millions for a new Cardinals' stadium. Hanaway for Governor? Hmm...I don't think so." This ad also closes with a marking out of the graphic "Catherine Hanaway for Governor."
- 26. "Don't Think So" is a combined spot that includes "Carry" and a modified version of "Stadium:" {male voiceover} "As a legislator, Catherine Hanaway strongly opposed concealed carry laws. Her position would have stopped you from carrying a firearm. Hanaway for Governor? Nah, don't think so." {female voiceover} "Catherine Hanaway and taxpayer rip-offs. Career politician Catherine Hanaway tried to force taxpayers to pay hundreds of millions for a new baseball stadium. Hanaway for Governor? Don't think so." Both spots conclude with the image of the graphic "Catherine Hanaway for Governor" being marked through or struck out.
- 27. "Trust" opens with a picture of John Brunner, who was also a candidate in the 2016 Republican primary. The script goes as follows: {male voiceover} "What is it with John Brunner and taxes? Brunner didn't pay his taxes on time. Had to be slapped with multiple liens to get him to pay up. Brunner set up overseas accounts, avoiding Missouri taxes. He even refused to show his tax returns. What's John Brunner hiding? And why would we ever trust a guy like that?"
- 28. The other ads placed for LG PAC were referred to as "Dishonest," "Insider," "Final 15," and "Final 30."

- 29. The script for "Dishonest" includes the following: "With political insider John Brunner, there's a pattern of dishonesty. Didn't pay his taxes on time. Hit with multiple tax liens. Hundreds of thousands in state government insider deals. But it gets worse. Brunner's allies launched a smear campaign against war hero Eric Greitens that's so outrageous it's under investigation. Brunner's false attacks say more about him than about Greitens. John Brunner: too dishonest to be Governor."
- 30. The script for "Insider" includes the following: "We know John Brunner didn't pay his taxes on time and set up overseas tax shelters. But there's more. Brunner's business took about a half million dollars in tax money from state government. And over a million more in insider tax credits. Pretty sweet deal for a political insider like John Brunner. Terrible deal for Missouri taxpayers."
- 31. The script for "Final 15" includes the following: "Politicians and insiders.

 Hanaway and Brunner have been in Missouri politics for decades, wasting tax dollars, doing sweetheart deals. We don't need more of that. Eric Greitens: the conservative leader who will shake up Jeff City."
- 32. The script for "Final 30" includes the following: "In the end, it comes down to this: politicians and insiders, or bold new leadership. Catherine Hanaway and John Brunner have been in Missouri politics for decades, running for one office after another, ripping off taxpayers, doing sweetheart deals for themselves. Eric Greitens is different. Decorated Navy SEAL, veterans' supporter, family man, never run for office before. Eric Greitens is the new conservative leader who will shake things up."
- 33. In addition to media placement, the media buyer also tracked publicly available information regarding the money being spent for media in Missouri's gubernatorial primary and

regularly prepared reports that included all media spending by John Brunner, Eric Greitens, Catherine Hanaway, Peter Kinder, and LG PAC.

- 34. GFM's vendors also tracked publicly available information regarding media spending for the gubernatorial primary and provided reports to GFM's campaign manager. That tracking included LG PAC and other outside organization spending along with the candidates' campaign expenditures.
- 35. When LG PAC began placing media buys, the campaign manager received an email alert from one of GFM's vendors. The campaign manager responded, "This should be them then." Later that day, in another email that was part of this same discussion, he said, "Hoping this is NA." "NA" was a reference to the political consultant.
- 36. The next day, another GFM vendor who was part of the same email discussion with the campaign manager said, "Pretty boy to the rescue. . ." This was another reference to the political consultant.
- 37. During the time leading up to the primary, the political consultant was ostensibly disconnected from the GFM campaign since he terminated C5's contract in March or April of 2016. C5 and the political consultant did resume a formal working relationship with Greitens and GFM after the 2016 primary.
- 38. In late July of 2016, the campaign manager and the political consultant spoke by telephone, and the campaign manager expressed a concern about the Springfield market during that conversation.
- 39. Subsequent to the conversation regarding the Springfield market, LG PAC expended \$98,417.00 on advertisements in the Springfield market.
 - 40. On July 28, 2016, one of GFM's vendors alerted the campaign manager by email to

the fact that LG PAC was adding spending in the Springfield market. The campaign manager replied, "Well at least he listened when I told him we were worried about Brunner in Springfield."

- 41. Missouri law did not limit what a PAC could contribute to a candidate for statewide office at the time these expenditures were made. Thus, GFM did not violate any campaign finance contribution limitations related to the contributions themselves
- 42. The campaign manager did not notify Eric Greitens or the campaign treasurer of the receipt of this in-kind contribution from LG PAC.
- 43. Respondent GFM failed to disclose the LG PAC advertisements as in-kind contributions on GFM's campaign finance disclosure reports.

COUNT II

Failure to Report In-Kind Contributions from A New Missouri

The Relationship between A New Missouri and the Greitens for Missouri Committee

- 44. A New Missouri (ANM) is a Missouri non-profit corporation with the following stated purpose: "the advancement of social welfare by promoting ideas, policies and/or legislation to create more jobs, higher pay, safe streets, better schools, and more, for all Missourians."
- 45. ANM was established on or about February 5, 2017, by then-Governor Greitens' senior campaign advisors to promote his conservative agenda.
- 46. Both ANM and the GFM committee employed or retained as consultants many of the same vendors to provide the same services: political consulting, fundraising, accounting and finance, polling, ad creation, media placement, and digital media.
- 47. For at least part of 2017, both ANM and the GFM committee were housed in the same office building in Jefferson City.
- 48. During 2017, the same advisors were responsible for the day-to-day operation of both ANM and the GFM committee; including, political consultant, finance director, national

fundraiser, attorney, and treasurer.

- 49. The finance director and the national fundraising consultant had both ANM and GFM as clients and steered smaller contributors (those giving \$5,000 or less) to the GFM committee and larger donors (those giving more than \$10,000) to ANM.
- 50. During its first year of operation, ANM was funded by a network of approximately 100 in-state and national donors, though roughly 65 percent of its donations came from the same six supporters.

Timing of Surveys

- 51. In 2015, the Greitens for Missouri committee engaged the Tarrance Group to conduct a voter opinion survey. Between May and August of 2016, the Tarrance Group conducted five more surveys for GFM.
- 52. On August 2, 2016, Greitens was the successful candidate in Missouri's Republican primary for Governor.
- 53. Between the primary and the general election, the Tarrance Group conducted nine more surveys for GFM.
- 54. On November 8, 2016, Greitens was the successful gubernatorial candidate in Missouri's general election.
- 55. On or about November 28, 2016, Respondent Eric Greitens filed an amended Statement of Committee Organization indicating his intent to run for Governor in 2020.
- 56. After the general election in November of 2016, the Tarrance Group conducted voter opinion surveys both for GFM and for A New Missouri. During 2017, there were two surveys, another survey was conducted in early 2018.
 - 57. The questions in the last 2017 survey, directed and delivered to A New Missouri,

were identical to the questions in the 2018 survey, which was directed and delivered to the GFM committee. The contents of the 2017 voter surveys were made available to and shared with the GFM committee.

Payments to the Tarrance Group

- 58. During 2015, the GFM committee reported paying the Tarrance Group \$33,598.00 for research. During 2016, GFM reported paying the Tarrance Group \$356,350.00. GFM did not report a single expenditure to the Tarrance Group in all of 2017, the year after the 2016 election had concluded.
 - 59. ANM made three payments to the Tarrance Group during 2017.

	Directed and		A &	
Polling Dates	Delivered to	Paid for by	Amount	
June 6-8, 2015	GFM	GFM	\$33,598.00	
May 31-June 2, 2016	GFM	GFM	\$33,334.00	
July 5-7, 2016	GFM	GFM	\$20,374.00	
July 17-19, 2016	GFM	GFM	\$25,270.00	
July 23-25, 2016	GFM	GFM	\$22,864.00	
July 26-28, 2016	GFM	GFM	\$24,036.00	
September 10-12, 2016	GFM	GFM	\$39,727.00	
September 19-22, 2016	GFM	GFM	\$49,830.00	
October 1-3, 2016	GFM	GFM		
October 8-10, 2016	GFM	GFM	\$46.244.00	
October 15-17, 2016	GFM	GFM	\$46,344.00	
October 22-24, 2016	GFM	GFM	\$23,172.00	
October 25-27, 2016	GFM	GFM	\$46.244.00	
October 29-31, 2016	GFM	GFM	\$46,344.00	
November 1-3, 2016	GFM	GFM	\$23,172.00	
January 28-30, 2017	GFM	ANM	\$40,452.00	
May 20-22, 2017	GFM	ANM	\$39,218.00	
August 7-9, 2017	ANM	ANM	\$24,098.00	
February 17-20, 2018	GFM	GFM	\$35,207.00	

60. Two of the polls in 2017 were directed and delivered by the Tarrance Group to Respondent GFM. The Tarrance Group later signed a sworn affidavit stating that the polling data

was paid for by, and should have been directed and delivered to, A New Missouri.

61. GFM did not disclose the value of any of the 2017 Tarrance Group polling data paid for by A New Missouri as in-kind contributions on GFM's campaign finance disclosure reports.

JOINT PROPOSED CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

COUNT I

Failure to Report In-Kind Contributions from LG PAC

- 62. Committees are required to file campaign finance disclosure reports that set forth receipts for the period, including the:
 - (a) Total amount of all monetary contributions received which can be identified in the committee's records by name and address of each contributor.

. . .

- (d) Total dollar value of all in-kind contributions received;
- (e) A separate listing by name and address and employer, or occupation if self-employed or notation of retirement, of each person from whom the committee received contributions, in money or any other thing of value, aggregating more than one hundred dollars, together with the date and amount of each such contribution. § 130.041.1(3), RSMo.
- 63. A "contribution" is "a payment, gift, loan, advance, deposit, or donation of money or anything of value for the purpose of supporting or opposing the nomination or election of any candidate for public office. . .." § 130.011(12), RSMo.
- 64. "The candidate or the committee treasurer of any committee except a candidate committee is ultimately responsible for all reporting requirements pursuant to this chapter." § 130.058, RSMo.

- 65. An advertisement that contains express advocacy or its functional equivalent is a contribution if the expenditure was made in cooperation with the candidate or with the candidate's express or implied consent. See FEC v. Wisconsin Right to Life, Inc., 551 U.S. 449, 452 (2007) (with reference to Buckley v. Valeo, 424 US 1 (1976)).
- 66. At the time of this in-kind contribution, Missouri law did not limit the amount of campaign contributions LG PAC could have made to Respondent.
- 67. There is probable cause to believe that violations of § 130.041.1(3), RSMo, occurred when Respondent Greiten's for Missouri failed to timely report certain LG PAC advertisements as in-kind contributions, because the LG PAC advertisements were express advocacy or its functional equivalent, and the advertising was done in cooperation with the GFM committee after a conversation regarding GFM's needs in the Springfield market. The MEC investigation did not find that Eric Greitens had personal knowledge of any coordination between the campaign and the consultant; however, candidates are ultimately responsible for all reporting requirements. § 130.058, RSMo.

COUNT II

Failure to Report In-Kind Contributions from A New Missouri

- 68. Committees are required to file campaign finance disclosure reports that set forth receipts for the period, including the:
 - (b) Total amount of all monetary contributions received which can be identified in the committee's records by name and address of each contributor.

. . .

- (d) Total dollar value of all in-kind contributions received;
- (e) A separate listing by name and address and employer, or occupation if

self-employed or notation of retirement, of each person from whom the committee received contributions, in money or any other thing of value, aggregating more than one hundred dollars, together with the date and amount of each such contribution.
§ 130.041.1(3), RSMo.

- 69. The statutory definition of "contribution" includes "a payment, gift, loan, advance, deposit, or donation of money or anything of value . . . for the support of any committee supporting or opposing candidates" § 130.011(12), RSMo.
- 70. "[T]he amount of contributions made by or accepted from any person other than the candidate in any one election shall not exceed the following: To elect an individual to the office of governor . . ., two thousand six hundred dollars." Mo. Const. Art. VIII Section 23.3(1)(a).
- 71. "The candidate or the committee treasurer of any committee except a candidate committee is ultimately responsible for all reporting requirements pursuant to this chapter."
 § 130.058, RSMo.
- 72. There is probable cause to believe that violations of Mo. Const. Art. VII Section 23.3(1)(a) and § 130.041.1(3), RSMo, occurred when Respondent functionally accepted two in-kind contributions that exceeded \$2,600.00, and when Respondent failed to timely disclose the receipt of the Tarrance Group polling data from A New Missouri as in-kind contributions, because those survey results were made available to and not rejected by the GFM committee. The MEC investigation did not find that Eric Greitens had personal knowledge of which entity paid for the 2017 polling; however, candidates are ultimately responsible for all reporting requirements. § 130.058, RSMo.

- I. Based on the foregoing, the parties mutually agree and stipulate that the following shall constitute the order entered by the Missouri Ethics Commission in this matter. This order will be effective immediately upon the issuance of the Consent Order of the Missouri Ethics Commission without further action by any party.
- II. The parties understand that the Petitioner will maintain this Joint Stipulation as an open and public record of the Missouri Ethics Commission.
- III. The Commission shall issue its Consent Order in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.
 - a. Respondent shall comply with all relevant sections of Chapter 130, RSMo.
 - b. Respondent shall amend and file all reports and statements with the Commission.
 - c. For the violation in Count I, and pursuant to Section 105.961.4(6), RSMo, it is the order of the Missouri Ethics Commission that a fee in the amount of \$98,417.00 is imposed against Respondent Greitens for Missouri.
 - d. For the violation in Count II, and pursuant to Section 105.961.4(6), RSMo, it is the order of the Missouri Ethics Commission that a fee in the amount of \$79,670.00 is imposed against Respondent Greitens for Missouri.
 - e. If Respondent pays \$38,000.00 of the total fees within 45 days after the date of the Consent Order, the remainder will be stayed.
 - f. Regardless of the stay in the preceding paragraph, if the Commission finds there is probable cause to believe that Respondent committed any further violation of the campaign finance laws under Chapter 130, RSMo, within the two-year period after the date of the Consent Order, then Respondent will be required to pay the remainder of those fees. The remainder will be due immediately upon a final probable cause finding that Respondent has committed a violation.
 - g. The Greitens for Missouri candidate committee agrees not to transfer funds to any other candidate committee during the two-year period after the date of the Consent Order.

- IV. The parties consent to the entry of record and approval of this Joint Stipulation and to the termination of any further proceedings before the Commission based upon the Legal Complaint filed by the Petitioner in the above action.
- V. Respondent, together with its heirs, successors, and assigns, does hereby waive, release, acquit and forever discharge the Missouri Ethics Commission and its attorneys of or from any liability, claim, actions, causes of action, fees, costs and expenses, and compensation, including but not limited to, a claim for attorney's fees, which Respondent or Respondent's attorney may now have or hereafter have, based upon or arising out of this matter.

SO AGREED;

RESPONDENT GREITENS FOR MISSOURI	PETITIONER MISSOURI ETHICS COMMISSION
By: Date	By: Zakoto 2m 2/3/20 Elizabeth L. Ziegler Date Executive Director
ATTORNEYS FOR RESPONDENT By otherway Annaway Date Catherine L. Hunaway Partner, Husch Blackwell LLP	By: Star 2/13/200 Laura E. Elsbury Date General Counsel Attorney for Petitioner
By:	

SO AGREED:

RESPONDENT GREITENS FOR MISSOURI	PETITIONER MISSOURI ETHICS COMMISSION
By: Eric Greitens Date	By: Subalha Ron 2/13/20 Elizabeth L. Ziegler Date Executive Director
ATTORNEYS FOR RESPONDENT By: Catherine L. Hanaway Date	By: Rus Elsbury Date 13/202 General Counsel
By: 02/12/2020 Charles R. Spies Date Member, Dickinson Wright PLLC	Attorney for Petitioner

BEFORE THE MISSOURI ETHICS COMMISSION

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MISSOURI ETHICS COMMISSION,)	Commission
Petitioner,)	
v.	Ś	Case No. 18-0064-I & 18-0065-I
GREITENS FOR MISSOURI,)	
Respondent.)	
	,	

CONSENT ORDER

The parties have filed a Joint Stipulation of Facts, Waiver of Hearing, and Proposed Consent Order with the Missouri Ethics Commission. Accordingly, the Missouri Ethics Commission accepts as true the facts stipulated and finds that there is probable cause to believe that Respondent violated Sections 130.021.4(1) and 130.031.2, RSMo. The Commission directs that the Joint Stipulation be adopted.

- 1. Respondent shall comply with all relevant sections of Chapter 130, RSMo.
- 2. Respondent shall amend and file all reports and statement with the Commission.
- 3. It is the order of the Missouri Ethics Commission that a fee is imposed against Respondent in the amount of \$178,087.00. The fee will be paid by check or money order made payable to the Missouri Ethics Commission.
- 4. If Respondent pays \$38,000.00 of the total fee within 45 days after the date of this Consent Order, the remainder will be stayed.
- 5. Regardless of the stay in the preceding paragraph, if the Commission finds there is probable cause to believe that Respondent committed any further violation of the campaign finance laws under Chapter 130, RSMo, within the two-year period after the date of this Consent Order, then Respondent will be required to pay the remainder of those fees. The remainder

will be due immediately upon a final probable cause finding that Respondent has committed a violation.

6. Respondent shall not transfer funds to any other candidate committee during the two-year period after the date of this Consent Order.

SO ORDERED this ___/3th day of February, 2020

By Don Summers, Chair